§ 725.203

to the extent that his or her work is integral to the building of a coal or underground mine (see §725.101(a)(12), (30)).

- (1) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that such individual was exposed to coal mine dust during all periods of such employment occurring in or around a coal mine or coal preparation facility for purposes of:
- (i) Determining whether such individual is or was a miner;
- (ii) Establishing the applicability of any of the presumptions described in section 411(c) of the Act and part 718 of this subchapter; and
- (iii) Determining the identity of a coal mine operator liable for the payment of benefits in accordance with \$725.495.
- (2) The presumption may be rebutted by evidence which demonstrates that:
- (i) The individual was not regularly exposed to coal mine dust during his or her work in or around a coal mine or coal preparation facility; or
- (ii) The individual did not work regularly in or around a coal mine or coal preparation facility.
- (c) A person who is or was a self-employed miner or independent contractor, and who otherwise meets the requirements of this paragraph, shall be considered a miner for the purposes of this part.
- (d) Conditions of entitlement; miner. An individual is eligible for benefits under this subchapter if the individual:
- (1) Is a miner as defined in this section; and
- (2) Has met the requirements for entitlement to benefits by establishing that he or she:
- (i) Has pneumoconiosis (see §718.202), and
- (ii) The pneumoconiosis arose out of coal mine employment (see §718.203), and
- (iii) Is totally disabled (see §718.204(c)), and
- (iv) The pneumoconiosis contributes to the total disability (see §718.204(c)); and
- (3) Has filed a claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of this part.

§ 725.203 Duration and cessation of entitlement; miner.

- (a) An individual is entitled to benefits as a miner for each month beginning with the first month on or after January 1, 1974, in which the miner is totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis arising out of coal mine employment.
- (b) The last month for which such individual is entitled to benefits is the month before the month during which either of the following events first occurs:
 - (1) The miner dies; or
- (2) The miner's total disability ceases (see § 725.504).
- (c) An individual who has been finally adjudged to be totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis and is receiving benefits under the Act shall promptly notify the Office and the responsible coal mine operator, if any, if he or she engages in his or her usual coal mine work or comparable and gainful work.
- (d) Upon reasonable notice, an individual who has been finally adjudged entitled to benefits shall submit to any additional tests or examinations the Office deems appropriate, and shall submit medical reports and other relevant evidence the Office deems necessary, if an issue arises pertaining to the validity of the original award.

CONDITIONS AND DURATION OF ENTITLE-MENT: MINER'S DEPENDENTS (AUG-MENTED BENEFITS)

§ 725.204 Determination of relationship; spouse.

- (a) For the purpose of augmenting benefits, an individual will be considered to be the spouse of a miner if:
- (1) The courts of the State in which the miner is domiciled would find that such individual and the miner validly married; or
- (2) The courts of the State in which the miner is domiciled would find, under the law they would apply in determining the devolution of the miner's intestate personal property, that the individual is the miner's spouse; or
- (3) Under State law, such individual would have the right of a spouse to share in the miner's intestate personal property; or

- (4) Such individual went through a marriage ceremony with the miner resulting in a purported marriage between them and which, but for a legal impediment, would have been a valid marriage, unless the individual entered into the purported marriage with knowledge that it was not a valid marriage, or if such individual and the miner were not living in the same household in the month in which a request is filed that the miner's benefits be augmented because such individual qualifies as the miner's spouse.
- (b) The qualification of an individual for augmentation purposes under this section shall end with the month before the month in which:
 - (1) The individual dies, or
- (2) The individual who previously qualified as a spouse for purposes of §725.520(c), entered into a valid marriage without regard to this section, with a person other than the miner.

§ 725,205 Determination of dependency; spouse.

For the purposes of augmenting benefits, an individual who is the miner's spouse (see §725.204) will be determined to be dependent upon the miner if:

- (a) The individual is a member of the same household as the miner (see $\S725.232$); or
- (b) The individual is receiving regular contributions from the miner for support (see §725.233(c)); or
- (c) The miner has been ordered by a court to contribute to such individual's support (see §725.233(e)); or
- (d) The individual is the natural parent of the son or daughter of the miner; or
- (e) The individual was married to the miner (see §725.204) for a period of not less than 1 year.

§ 725.206 Determination of relationship; divorced spouse.

For the purposes of augmenting benefits with respect to any claim considered or reviewed under this part or part 727 of this subchapter (see §725.4(d)), an individual will be considered to be the divorced spouse of a miner if the individual's marriage to the miner has been terminated by a final divorce on or after the 10th anniversary of the marriage unless, if such individual was

married to and divorced from the miner more than once, such individual was married to the miner in each calendar year of the period beginning 10 years immediately before the date on which any divorce became final.

§ 725.207 Determination of dependency; divorced spouse.

For the purpose of augmenting benefits, an individual who is the miner's divorced spouse (§725.206) will be determined to be dependent upon the miner if:

- (a) The individual is receiving at least one-half of his or her support from the miner (see §725.233(g)); or
- (b) The individual is receiving substantial contributions from the miner pursuant to a written agreement (see §725.233(e) and (f)); or
- (c) A court order requires the miner to furnish substantial contributions to the individual's support (see §725.233(c) and (e)).

§ 725.208 Determination of relationship; child.

As used in this section, the term "beneficiary" means only a surviving spouse entitled to benefits at the time of death (see §725.212), or a miner. An individual will be considered to be the child of a beneficiary if:

- (a) The courts of the State in which the beneficiary is domiciled (see §725.231) would find, under the law they would apply, that the individual is the beneficiary's child: or
- (b) The individual is the legally adopted child of such beneficiary; or
- (c) The individual is the stepchild of such beneficiary by reason of a valid marriage of the individual's parent or adopting parent to such beneficiary; or
- (d) The individual does not bear the relationship of child to such beneficiary under paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of this section, but would, under State law, have the same right as a child to share in the beneficiary's intestate personal property; or
- (e) The individual is the natural son or daughter of a beneficiary but is not a child under paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of this section, and is not considered to be the child of the beneficiary under paragraph (d) of this section if the beneficiary and the mother or the father,